Defining The New Right, Two Key Aspects and One Fatal Threat

Disclaimer: This essay has been written in a fairly unformal way to create a work of nonfiction that looks appealing instead of just being a generic essay without heart for uni. Do not source this information as I do not have a political science degree.

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1. Introduction

For decades, the rise in several negative underlining aspects of society have shaped the mindset of the right and left wing of society. From the ashes of a defined inactivity and incompetency of right wing, particularly older leaders from the old world of thinking and an increase of left-wing violence have birthed within the minds of many westerners the ideology of The New Right. According to Britannica (B, 2019), this branch of The New Right paves its origins within the 1960's. Yet despite the term's elder origin, today it shines as a beacon to the grass root movements of right-wing nationalism and anti-immigration with the Zoomer generation. A change from merely old-world conservative values have also been questioned under the new generation of The New Right, from figures such as The Right-Wing Coalition, Jimmy Talks or Nic Fuentes. This essay/report structure has identified aspects held importantly by The New Right. Including the specifics of Remigration, Nationalism and Radical Leftism. This essay/report structure will analyse these ideals to conclude on how said objective impacts The New Right or of society as a whole.

2. Core Values and or understandings of The New Right

2.1 Remigration

What is remigration?

Remigration is the practice of expelling foreigners both of legal and illegal origin from a country.

Calls of Remigration has picked up due to the decline in white birth rates and the increased immigration crisis affecting much of the west. Since the last decade, 29 million asylum seekers both of legal and illegal origin arrived within the confined of Europe Hoover Institution (HI, 2024). Said cause of migration strained the continent's dysfunctional immigration system Michta (2024). Michta (2024) states that within the year 2023, out of the 4.5 million immigrants, 3.5 were of legal origin, whereas 1 million were illegal. Those who were illegal from the data came primarily from Africa and the middle east Michta (2024). Immigration within Europe has become a driving factor in modern politics Michta (2024). Failed policies of integration within European society manifested public unrest across the region of Western Europe and Scandinavia Michta (2024). Europe's demographic map is also experiencing changes as it's believed that 25 million Muslims exist across 28 EU states Michta (2024). Europeans meanwhile have been experiencing a shortage of children Eurostat (E, 2025). Used in the study Eurostat (2025) suggest an indicator of fertility within a population is total fertility rate. Within a developed country, 2.1 average live births can be regarded as replacement without immigration level Eurostat (2025). Birthrates of 1.3 according to Eurostat (2025) can indicate a position called 'lowest low-fertility'. Birthrates within (Figure 3) started to pick up slightly from 2001, but all progress ended around 2008. From 2009 and onward until 2020 the birthrates of (Figure 3) fluctuated. Then (figure 3) details the European total fertility rate of 2023 as an average of 1.38. (Figure 2) represents member states of Europe on a choropleth map. This design reflects the highest rates of births situated within the southern Balkin nations ranking either as (>= 1.6) "equal to 1.6 fertility or higher than 1.6 fertility" or (1.5- < 1.6) and Turkish region at (1.5- < 1.6). With France reported as an outlier compared to its neighbours at (>= 1.6). Nations within central Europe according to (Figure 2) report as sitting around the (1.3- < 1.4) and (1.4- < 1.5) fertility range. Among these nation states the southern regions like Spain, Italy and Greece report

(1.2– < 1.3) for Italy and Greece with (< 1.2) for Spain. Outliers within Northern Europe include Lithuania as (< 1.2) and Finland as (1.2- < 1.3). (Figure 1) illustrates the decline in overall European birthrates from 1961-2023. With each number represented as per millions. (Figure 1) gently remained afloat from 1961 until 1966-1967 which was when a rounded curve was recorded until 1995 where birthrates per millions slightly picked up to just under 4 million by 2005. Then by 2023 birthrates went below the 4 million mark.

For Australia:

After the finish of 30 June 2025 overall net migration levels added a gain of 306,000 individuals to the Australian population Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABoS, 2025). This value had decreased from the net gain observed and recorded by the previous year's June Australian Bureau of Statistics (2025). Within Australia's history a majority of migration was observed as more people migrating to Australia compared to migrating away Australian Bureau of Statistics (2025). This trend had however, flipped during the pandemic years of 2020-2021 due to boarder closures Australian Bureau of Statistics (2025). Annual migration significantly peaked in the following year of 2023 at a level of 556,000 people Australian Bureau of Statistics (2025). Migration arrivals 'not integrations' decreased from 661,000 down towards 568,000 Australian Bureau of Statistics (2025). Native births of Australia were recorded as 292,318 total births in 2024 Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABoS, 2024). With the birth rate only increasing by 1.9% Australian Bureau of Statistics (2024). (Figure 4) represents the total amount of migrant arrivals, departures and net overseas growth within the years of 2015-2025. Migration arrivals would peak to 618,360 around the start of March 2020. Then it would significantly decrease to a low of 113,000 arrivals by March 2021. Migrant arrivals would peak once more around 755,440 in September 2023 before slightly decreasing to 568,370. Compared to net migration, (figure 4) presents a slow increase, peaking in June 2017 at 263,350. Following the trend of migrant arrivals the net migration levels significantly decreased to -94,430. Net migration would increase to 555,800 by September 2023 before decreasing to 305,570 in June 2025. (Figure 5) established a downward trend of total active fertility. 1924 displays the birthrates as well above the bare minimum population increasing fertility of 2.1 per woman on average without migration. Entering into 1934 birthrates decreased to 2.107 per woman. Then after 1934 birth rates increased significantly, reaching a total peak of 3.548 per woman in 1961. Birth rates officially entered below the 2.1 threshold within the year of 1976 with the fertility rate at 2.060. During the beginning of the 21st century birth rates did not increase to the 2.1

threshold once which leads to the current fertility rate recorded in 2024 from the data set as 1.481 births per woman. PBS NewsHour (PBSNH, 2022) diminished these claims by labelling the great replacement theory as nothing but a conspiracy theory. This could infer that pbs is attempting to diminish or downplaying the effects mass migration has on western nations. Within said article, no such data to disprove the great replacement theory is used such as statistics of migration or fertility rates of American or western born citizens, which could dispute the credibility of said article Bauder (2022). Within the article, instead of presenting facts the article illustrates examples of racial violence that occurred towards minorities such as the Buffalo shooting, Christchurch shooting and other acts of violence which could infer further demoralising for the cause of remigration Bauder (2022).

Overall, the evidence establishes a downward trend of western birth rates among European countries and Australia. Fertility rates among women from said nations are unable to reach the threshold needed in order to not warrant current migration levels. Furthermore, numerous articles from left wing institutions downplay these current statistical trends by instead targeting and weakening remigration as just being down to racism and not statistically reality.

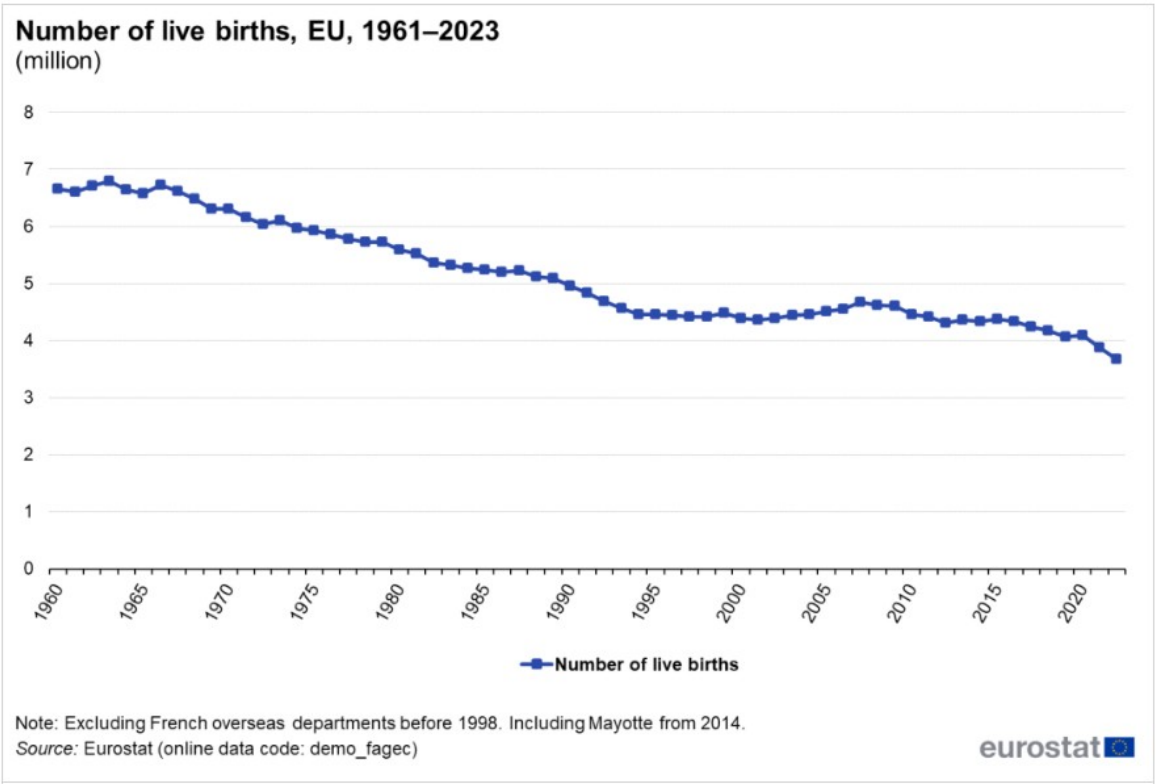

Figure 1: Number of live births, EU, 1961–2023 (million)
Source: Eurostat (demo_fagec)

Figure 1: Number of live births recorded in the EU 1961-2023 sourced by ec.europa.eu

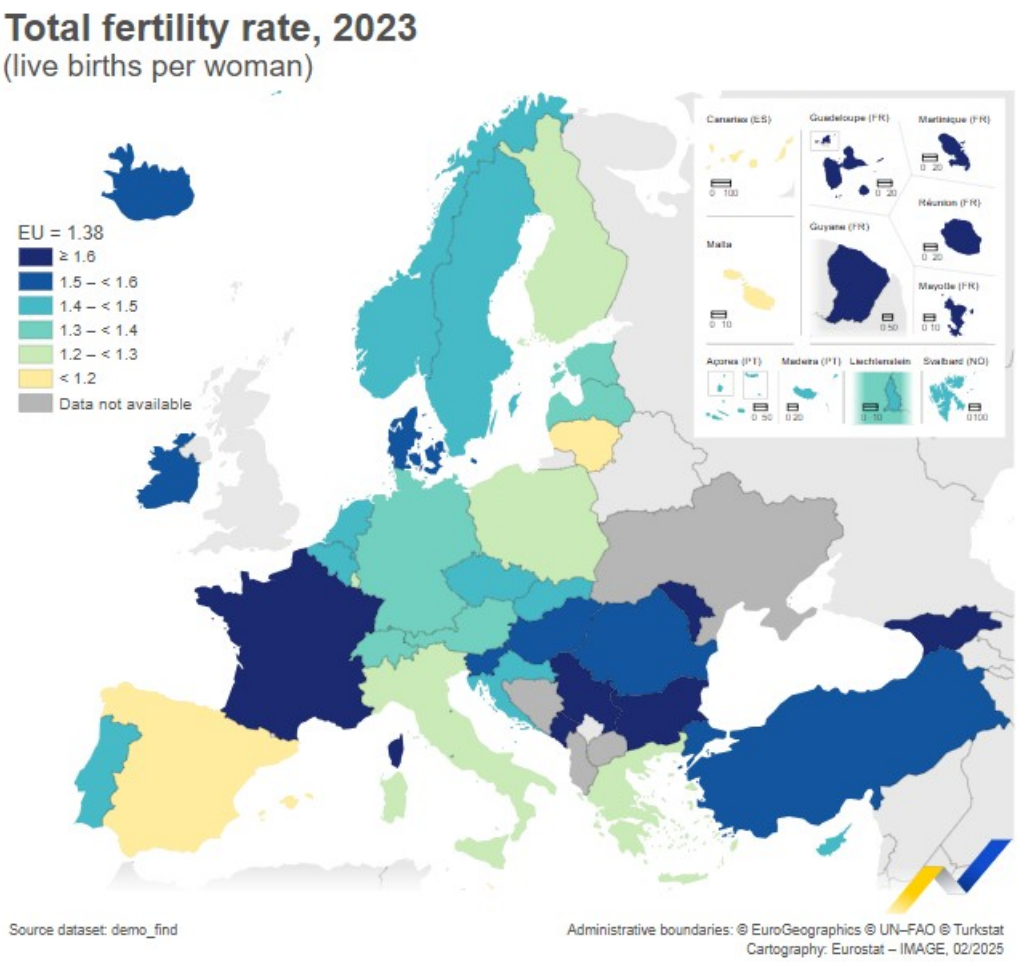

Figure 2: Total fertility rate of European nations 2023 sourced by ec.europa.eu

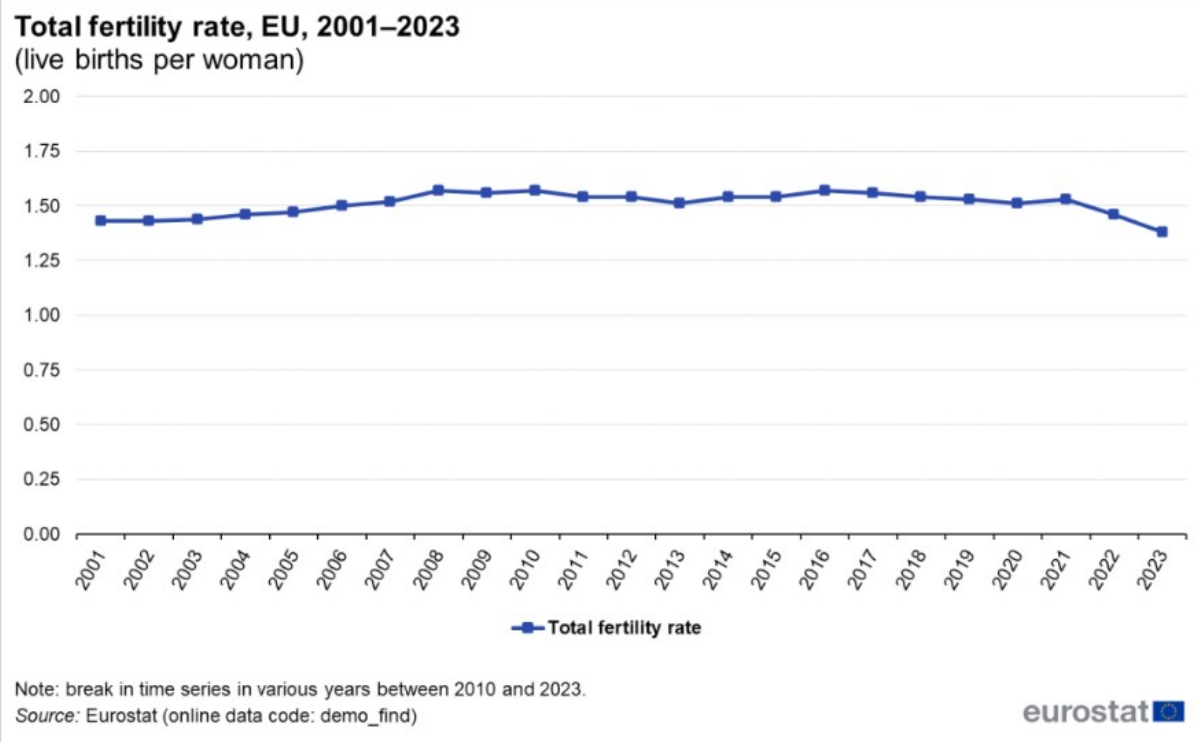

Figure 2: Total fertility rate, EU, 2001–2023
Source: Eurostat (demo_find)

Figure 3: Total fertility rate among the Eu 2001 – 2023 sourced by

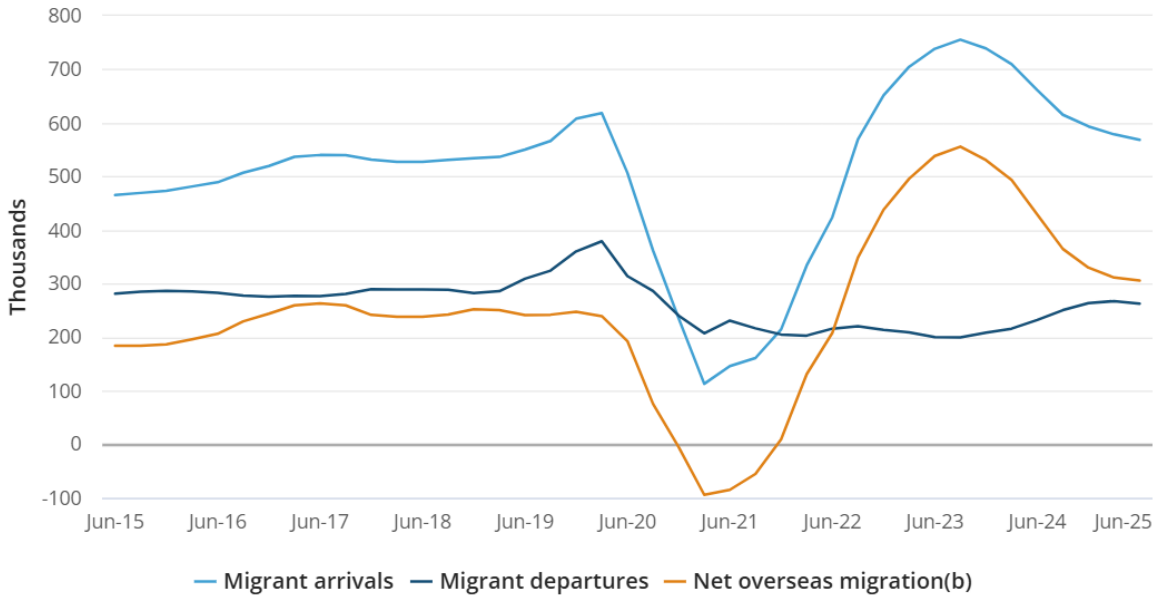

Figure 4: Overseas migration to Australia from periods 2015-2025 sourced from abs.gov.au

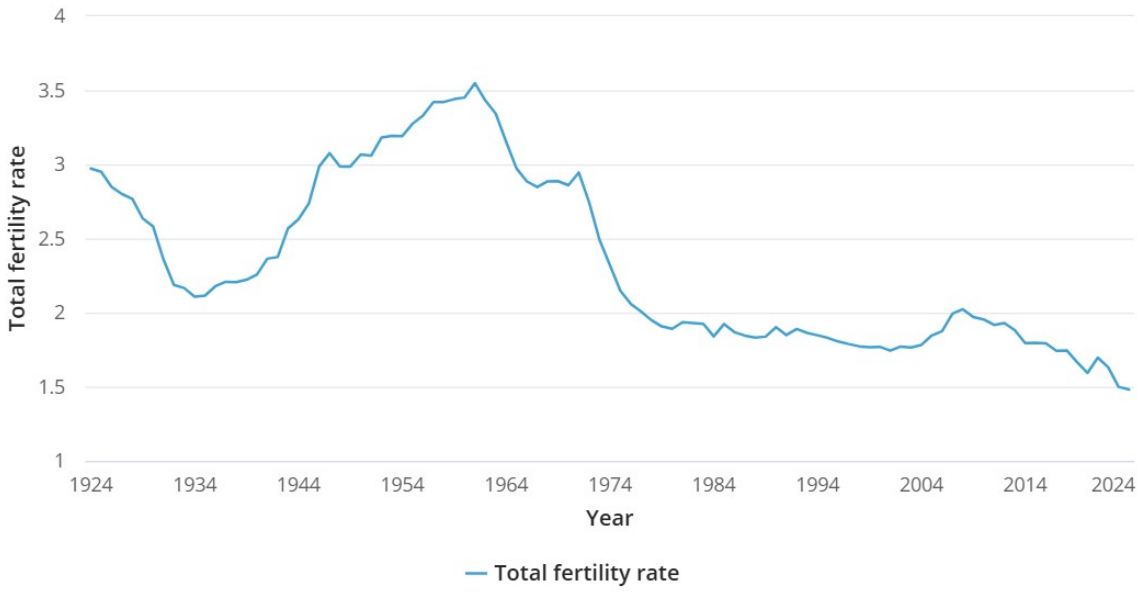

Figure 5: Total Australian fertility rate between the years 1924-2025

2.2 Nationalism

What is Nationalism?

Nationalism is defined as the idea of importance a particular nation holds for someone. And that it's perseveration of ideals holds suit over that of other nations. Nationalism generally arises from a nation a person was usually born in 'ethno nationalism'; however, internationals can be nationalistic for another nation upon moving to them 'civic nationalism'.

Nationalism is a defining aspect of The New Right's grass roots movement as it promotes individual importance of one's homeland. Nationalism in today's censes often times shares a bad reputation Foreign Affairs Magazine (FAM, 2019). Those who are educated within the western sphere can regard nationalism as a dangerous ideology Wimmer (2019). Whereas however, others acknowledge the virtuous nature of patriotism, understanding how nationalism illustrates the affection one shares for their homeland Wimmer (2019). Populists within the west could be considered to have been inverting this moral web, proclaiming to defend the interest of the people under aspects such as immigration and societal elites Wimmer (2019). At the core of nationalism, 2 main virtues arise, first one is that members of a nation understand their colloquially shared history and political destiny must rule the state Wimmer (2019). Secondly, the previously stated narrative of political destiny should be for the best of the nation Wimmer (2019). Nation building follows the process of unifying a population of a particular nation under one constructed community people feel that hold cohesion and a sense of community Journal of Comparative Economics (JoCE, 2011). Others can also feel that the people they speak with in the community can understand and trust them Ahlerup & Hansson (2011). Nation building could infer the creation of a common identity within the nation Ahlerup & Hansson (2011). This system could propose possible solutions for ethnic fracturing which is posed by systems such as tribal or regional identities Ahlerup & Hansson (2011). Most often times, civic nationalism can be distinguished differently from other forms of nationalism due to its belief that a nation is mainly defined as a political or territorial entity Ahlerup & Hansson (2011). This can contrast the definition of ethnic or cultural nationalism, by which a nation can be defined in terms of common historical pasts or ancestry Ahlerup & Hansson (2011). Ahlerup & Hansson (2011) suggests that despite a citizen's cast or wealth class, nationalism undermines this by applying a type of equality that could combine all members as a part of the nation. Within poorer areas, nationalism can demonstrate its usefulness as an instrument to build more of an effective state apparatus Ahlerup &

Hansson (2011). Conflicts based upon ethnic diversity could be considered an identity crisis because a nation cannot properly act as a unit due to members signing allegiances to subnational groups Ahlerup & Hansson (2011). Identity crises created due to ethnic diversity could be solved with assimilation or accommodation Ahlerup & Hansson (2011). La Trobe University (LTU, 2018) suggests that Senator Pauline Hanson's advocacy of physical abuse confirms that within Australia, values such as openness and tolerance have been declining whilst nationalism has been on the rise, quote.

"It's about who we are as a nation, it's part of us … Here we have a kid who's been brainwashed and I'll tell you what, I'd give her a kick up the backside."

The article written by La Trobe University insists that the anti-migration and far-right populists could be racist La Trobe University (2018). The noting of right-wing nationalist and anti-racist forces could further denounce the movement of nationalism by implying one side, the left, are of correctness instead of directly analysing both party philosophies La Trobe University (2018). The article could be further shaming nationalism by referring to how politicians and sections of media have been displaying symbols such as the Australian flag, national anthem, and other national prides such as ANZAC day and Australia day La Trobe University (2018).

To conclude this segment, Nationalism has been regarded by the general public to be a topic of such a taboo nature. However, nationalism shares aspects such as a common sense of identity and societal structure. It also produces numerous positive effects such as a belonginess to community as well as trust and understanding. Nationalism applies an equal spirit of nation among members of a group regardless of class or cast. Ethnic conflicts among disunited groups can have repaired relations via ways of assimilation or accommodation within a society. Furthermore, left wing institutes denounce the positive effects shared by nationalism as bigotry and that those who side with nationalism are inherently racist.

2.3 Radical Leftism

What is Radical Leftism?

Radical Leftism is an ideology which falls on the far left of the political spectrum.

Radical Leftism has a profound impact on The New Right's psych as a force of destruction and terrorism. AllSides (AS, n.d). describes radical leftism as often an anarchist or communist movement. This ideology holds a deep grudge against the ideas of property, capitalism and fascism AllSides (n,d). The commonality of violence from the political right has been reported over many years, however the rate in which left wing attacks have occurred has risen Lowy Institute (LI, 2025). Key motives among Left Wing terrorism includes anti-capitalism and anti-imperialist causes, environmental or animal rights activism pro LGBTQ+ as well as anarchism and socialist ideals Lowy Institute (2025). Between the years of 1994-2000 an average of only 0.6 (attacks or plots) of radical leftism occurred, this increased in the coming decades of 2001-2010 of 1.3 (attacks or plots) per year Lowy Institute (2025). Starting in 2016, the average number of attacks had dramatically rose to 4.0 (attacks or plots) per year. Within the year of 2025 before the assassination of Charlie Kirk around the period of 4th July, 5 Left Wing attacks were already recorded Lowy Institute (2025). This year had also been categorised by Lowy Institute (2025) as the worst year for Left Wing attacks within over 30 years. Attacks on ICE agents have significantly increased with U.S. Department of Homeland Security (USDoHS, 2024) suggesting attacks have increased by more than 1,150% compared with the period in 2024 under the Biden administration. Assistant Secretary Tricia McLaughlin is quoted as saying

> *"After months of Democrat politicians comparing ICE to Nazis, the gestapo, slave patrols, and even encouraging illegal aliens to resist arrest, our brave ICE law enforcement have been assaulted 238 times,"*

ADL (ADL, 2025) written by the ADL 'Anti-Defamation League' reported that during an annual people's conference for Palestine, the heightened calls for direct violence were sounded. Open glorifications were opened with the session justifying the attacks of Hamas on October 7th ADL (2025). Eduardo Martinez who was the Democratic Socialistic of America (DSA) aligned mayor of Richmond was reported to have said

> *"If Palestine were a schoolyard playground, I would be a Palestinian. And that part of me that couldn't endure the abuse any more would be Hamas."*

Hisan Piker, a Young Turk commentator during a Twitch Livestream was reported to have mocked US veteran Can Crenshaw due to a missing eye TheWrap (TW, 2019). During the same stream, Hisan Piker commented on how America deserved 911 Burch (2019). Spoken to Cenk Uygur in a later interview Hisan Piker blamed English being his second language Burch (2019).

To conclude, Radical Leftism has been slowly normalised among those of the influencer class. This has within over the course of the start of the 21st century promoted Radical Leftism. Furthermore, the symptoms seen within our modern society has been both the rise in acts or plans of terrorism, attacks on government officials and scrutiny towards the right of the political spectrum.

3.0 Conclusion

In conclusion The New Right's grass root ideals face pushing variables of magnitude from these three identified ideals. Immigration had fundamentally reshaped political discourse among European nations with harsh criticisms revolving around the great replacement theory. Whereas the data could infer an explicit margin of increased migration levels compared to the low fertility rates among European women, leftist media outlets show a disconnect towards reality. Instead using inflammatory language in order to shame remigration advocates. Nationalism has been within recent years significantly driving discourse within the political community with certain groups embracing said ideals, whilst others particularly on the left demonising it. By contrast of its so-called negative effects according to the left, nationalism evokes prestige among nation member while fuelling group cohesion and understanding. Effective nationalism can resolve conflicts via practices such as assimilation or accommodation. Radical Leftism has been an opposing thorn within The New Right's sphere of influence. As rates of terrorism continued to be demonstrated either by left wingers themselves, or preached about by social influencers, the outcome has resulted in widespread acts of terror, assaults on government employees and general violence.

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5. Sources for figures

Figure 1 https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Fertility_statistics

Figure 2 https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Fertility_statistics

Figure 3 https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Fertility_statistics

Figure 4 https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/people/population/overseas-migration/latest-release#country-of-birth

Figure 5 https://www.abs.gov.au/statistics/people/population/births-australia/latest-release